Criminal Law (Greens Concise Scots Law)

Since devolution in 1999, social policy within Scotland has burgeoned. The Scottish Parliament has a range of powers in relation to key policy areas including social work, education, health, child care, child protection, law and home affairs, and housing. These powers and the existence of a distinct legal tradition in Scotland means that social work practice has developed a distinctive style, attuned to the particular needs of Scotland. Scottish distinctiveness however, has rarely been properly represented in textbooks on either social policy or social work. This innovative text offers comprehensive coverage of the discipline of social policy and its central relevance to social work, social care and related practice in Scotland. Designed to complement teaching and study associated with the new Honours degree in Social Work (Scottish Executive 2003), it fills a notable gap in the literature on this subject and will be essential reading for students, professionals and academics within a variety of health and social care occupations. Vols. 29-47, 1913-1931 and v. 72-79, 1956-1963 include Scottish Land Court reports, v. 1-19 and v. 44-51.

Suffolk Transnational Law Review The Best Books: D, Society. E, Georgraphy. 1912 Law for Criminologists

Law Books in Print: Title index Law Books in Print: Subject index

The 'Law Basics' series is a range of study guides encompassing the broad spectrum of legal subjects. Each title focuses on a particular subject and provides information on the general principles and key statutes and cases. Twenty-five leading contemporary theorists of criminal law tackle a range of foundational issues about the proper aims and structure of the criminal law in a liberal democracy. The challenges facing criminal law are many. There are crises of over-criminalization and overimprisonment; penal policy has become so politicized that it is difficult to find any clear consensus on what aims the criminal law can properly serve; governments seeking to protect their citizens in the face of a range of perceived threats have pushed the outer limits of criminal law and blurred its boundaries. To think clearly about the future of criminal law, and its role in a liberal society, foundational questions about its proper scope, structure, and operations must be re-examined. What kinds of conduct should be criminalized? What are the principles of criminal responsibility? How should offences and

defences be defined? The criminal process and the criminal trial need to be studied closely, and the purposes and modes of punishment should be scrutinized. Such a re-examination must draw on the resources of various disciplines-notably law, political and moral philosophy, criminology and history; it must examine both the inner logic of criminal law and its place in a larger legal and political structure; it must attend to the growing field of international criminal law, it must consider how the criminal law can respond to the challenges of a changing world. Topics covered in this volume include the question of criminalization and the proper scope of the criminal law; the grounds of criminal responsibility; the ways in which offences and defences should be defined; the criminal process and its values; criminal punishment; the relationship between international criminal law and domestic criminal law. Together, the essays provide a picture of the exciting state of criminal law theory today, and the basis for further research and debate in the coming years. Philosophical Foundations of Criminal Law Criminal Law Property Law

The Best Books: D, Society. E, Geography. 1912

'This book is a triumph in its clarity, scholarship and sheer scope. It is increasingly vital that criminologists understand crime and the criminal justice system in depth, and Ursula Smartt unmasks the mysteries and lavs bare the complexities of law like few other writers on the subject. This is the book on criminal law that should be on the shelf of everyone connected to the criminal law' - Baroness Helena Kennedy QC 'Law for Criminologists is a timely and concise introduction for those in criminology and law. Combining accessibility and scholarship, it will be welcomed by students and lecturers alike' - Dr Azrini Wahidin, Reader and Programme Director for Criminology, Queen's University Belfast 'Highly informative, comprehensive and reader-friendly - this groundbreaking book is essential reading for all who are engaged in the study of criminology' -Peter Joyce, Manchester Metropolitan University This practical quide introduces students to the basic principles of the law, enabling a comprehensive understanding of criminology and criminal justice. Law for Criminologists will enthuse the student and teacher about the

law whilst giving sound advice on how to achieve a thorough comprehension of the topic. Striking a much-needed balance between essential law for criminologists, and commentary on current legal issues, this book provides the reader with a full understanding of: " the workings of the law in England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland " the European Union legal frameworks " the law of evidence and the criminal process " punishment and sentencing " human rights issues " the differences between youth justice and adult criminal legislation " how to undertake independent legal research and further reading in the discipline. Packed with extensive learning aids including case studies, boxed notes, sample examination questions, appendices of statutes and cases and a comprehensive glossary, this book is vital for all students in criminology and criminal justice. As well as an extensive foreword by Baroness Helena Kennedy QC. Criminal LawCriminal LawEvidence Bowker's Law Books and Serials in Print Social Work Law in Scotland Company Law The Scottish Law Review and Reports of Cases in the Sheriff Courts of Scotland Public Law in Scotland

HauptbeschreibungAusgehend von der aeschichtlichen Entwicklung des Tatbestandes der Gefangenenbefreiung setzt sich die vorliegende Untersuchung insbesondere mit dem Schutzgut der Vorschrift, ihrem Verhältnis zum Tatbestand der Strafvereitelung, der exakten Bestimmung des "Gefangenenbegriffs" sowie der dogmatischen Behandlung des - in vielen Nachbarländern Deutschlands entweder unbekannten oder doch zumindest geringer ausgeprägten -Selbstbefreiungsprivilegs auseinander. Einen weiteren Schwerpunkt bildet die Frage nach der Strafbarkeit von Vollzugsbediensteten, Anstaltsleitern oder auch Haftric. Court actions are expensive, unpredictable and fraught with all kinds of danger. This is a straightforward, easily readable guide to the skills of conducting criminal cases effectively in the Sheriff Court and how to instruct counsel effectively at the High Court Civil Procedure and Practice A Casebook on Scottish Criminal Law Recent Acquisitions Selected Acquisitions Culpable Carelessness The aim of each volume of this series Guides to Information Sources is to reduce the time which needs to be spent on patient searching and to

recommend the best starting point and sources most

likely to yield the desired information. The criteria for selection provide a way into a subject to those new to the field and assists in identifying major new or possibly unexplored sources to those who already have some acquaintance with it. The series attempts to achieve evaluation through a careful selection of sources and through the comments provided on those sources.

The textbook on Scots criminal law now reaches its third edition. The text is fully updated, containing all developments in Scots criminal law since the first edition was published in 1992. This includes the implications of the Human Rights Act 1998 and the Drury, Galbraith and Watt cases

Social Policy for Social Work, Social Care and the Caring Professions

Law Books Published 1993 Suppl The Journal of the Law Society of Scotland Information Sources in Law

A practical treatise on the criminal law of Scotland Considers pertinent legislative amendments, including the Enterprise Act 2002, directors' duties and changes in insolvency. This book covers various areas of company law, and is useful for legal practitioners, and business students. It also considers various aspects of the Companies Acts 1985 and 1989.

Practitioners and students of Scots criminal law should continue to find the third edition of this text a useful reference to its procedural aspects. Coverage embraces the

full range of criminal procedure pre-trial, at trial and thereafter, both in solemn and summary cases Recklessness and Negligence in the Criminal Law European Legal Book Index Index to Legal Periodicals & Books A Practical Guide Evidence

This edition is fully updated to reflect all relevant changes, including a chapter on the new rules on personal injury and covers key legislation relating to civil procedure and practice in Scotland. We are said to face a crisis of over-criminalization: our criminal law has become chaotic, unprincipled, and over-expansive. This book proposes a normative theory of criminal law, and of criminalization, that shows how criminal law could be ordered, principled, and restrained. The theory is based on an account of criminal law as a distinctive legal practice that functions to declare and define a set of public wrongs, and to call to formal public account those who commit such wrongs; an account of the role that such practice can play in a democratic republic of free and equal citizens; and an account of the central features of such a political community, and of the way in which it constitutes its public realm-its civil order. Criminal law plays an important, but limited, role in such a political community in protecting, but also partly constituting, its civil order. On the basis of

this account, we can see how such a political community will decide what kinds of conduct should be criminalized - not by applying one or more of the substantive master principles that theorists have offered, but by considering which kinds of conduct fall within its public realm (as distinct from the private realms that are not the polity's business), and which kinds of wrong within that realm require this distinctive kind of response (rather than one of the other kinds of available response). The outcome of such a deliberative process will probably be a more limited, and a more rational and principled, criminal law.

The Realm of Criminal Law

The Scottish Law Review and Sheriff Court Reports Bouvier's Law Dictionary and Concise Encyclopedia D, Society. E, Georgraphy. 1912

The British National Bibliography

The effect of the Human Rights Act 1998 is investigated for both Parliaments, taking account of the recent changes in human rights law in the UK.

General Knowledge on Law Legal GK For Competitive Examinations
The Scots Law Times

Scottish Perspectives

Human Rights and Scots Law

The Reference Catalogue of Current Literature