

Designing Pid Controller For Dc Motor By Means Of Chaos

"This book offers the latest research within the field of service robotics, using a mixture of case studies, research, and future direction in this burgeoning field of technology"--

Covers PID control systems from the very basics to the advanced topics This book covers the design, implementation and automatic tuning of PID control systems with operational constraints. It provides students, researchers, and industrial practitioners with everything they need to know about PID control systems—from classical tuning rules and model-based design to constraints, automatic tuning, cascade control, and gain scheduled control. PID Control System Design and Automatic Tuning using MATLAB/Simulink introduces PID control system structures, sensitivity analysis, PID control design, implementation with constraints, disturbance observer-based PID control, gain scheduled PID control systems, cascade PID control systems, PID control design for complex systems, automatic tuning and applications of PID control to unmanned aerial vehicles. It also presents resonant control systems relevant to many engineering applications. The implementation of PID control and resonant control highlights how to deal with operational constraints. Provides unique coverage of PID Control of unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs), including mathematical models of multi-rotor UAVs, control strategies of UAVs, and automatic tuning of PID controllers for UAVs Provides detailed descriptions of automatic tuning of PID control systems, including relay feedback control systems, frequency response estimation, Monte-Carlo simulation studies, PID controller design using frequency domain information, and MATLAB/Simulink simulation and implementation programs for automatic tuning Includes 15 MATLAB/Simulink tutorials, in a step-by-step manner, to illustrate the design, simulation, implementation and automatic tuning of PID control systems Assists lecturers, teaching assistants, students, and other readers to learn PID control with constraints and apply the control theory to various areas. Accompanying website includes lecture slides and MATLAB/ Simulink programs PID Control System Design and Automatic Tuning using MATLAB/Simulink is intended for undergraduate electrical, chemical, mechanical, and aerospace engineering students, and will greatly benefit postgraduate students, researchers, and industrial personnel who work with control systems and their applications.

With numerous new opportunities and challenges emerging from the topic of the cognition and control of complex systems, the methods related to PID control, or control based on a PID framework, will continue to grow and expand. This book covers some of the recent results that include improvements to the PID controller. Some examples of these improvements are as follows: •The novelty method of the variable, fractional-order PID controller •The optimization of PID controller, such as the hybrid LQR-PID controller by using genetic algorithm (GA) with the application for the control of helicopter systems •The optimized tuning approach of PID controller with disturbance rejection •A controller adjustment method based on the internal product of PID terms •The PI-PD controller, incorporated with the model-based feedforward control (FF) and the disturbance compensator (Kz), which is used for the control of magnetic levitation systems •The proper control with PID framework used to improve the cognition or identification for complex systems

Microgrid Cyberphysical Systems: Renewable Energy and Plug-in Vehicle Integration outlines the fundamental concepts on microgrid system design and control in a cyberphysical framework, focusing on the integration of renewables and EVs into microgrids. Including operational, control and management perspectives, the volume aims to optimize the reliability and economic performance of microgrids, focusing on power quality, storage and voltage and frequency control. The work encompasses generation, transmission, protection and load management under uncertainty and discusses critical drivers in robustness, uncertainty and sustainability management. Focusing on applied implementations, chapters are supported by detailed methods, heavy figurative explication, and comparative and integrative analysis. Case studies range across chapters. In addition, chapters are supported by representative experimental or test bed validations of proposed algorithms or methods which can be directly applied to reader problems. Provides advanced controller methodologies to efficiently optimize the operation of microgrids with high levels of connected renewable generators and electric vehicles Explores powerful approaches for the prevention of cyberattacks in microgrid systems Addresses design issues for power quality filters suitable for microgrid robustness, uncertainty and sustainability handling Includes field-tested methods, heavy case studies and an implementation focus with supporting experimental or test bed validations of proposed algorithms or methods in MATLAB

Computer Information Systems and Industrial Management

2020 International Conference on Computing and Information Technology (ICCI 1441)

Analysis and Control of Electric Drives

Proceedings of the 2012 International Conference on Electrical and Electronics Engineering

2017 International Conference on Microelectronic Devices, Circuits and Systems (ICMDCS)

Simulations and Laboratory Implementation

This monograph presents a new analytical approach to the design of proportional-integral-derivative (PID) controllers for linear time-invariant plants. The authors develop a computer-aided procedure, to synthesize PID controllers that satisfy multiple design specifications. A geometric approach, which can be used to determine such designs methodically using 2- and 3-D computer graphics is the result. The text expands on the computation of the complete stabilizing set previously developed by the authors and presented here. This set is then systematically exploited to achieve multiple design specifications simultaneously. These specifications include classical gain and phase margins, time-delay tolerance, settling time and H-infinity norm bounds. The results are developed for continuous- and discrete-time systems. An extension to multivariable systems is also included. Analytical Design of PID Controllers provides a novel method of designing PID controllers, which makes it ideal for both researchers and professionals working in traditional industries as well as those connected with unmanned aerial vehicles, driverless cars and autonomous robots.

Fractional-Order Design: Devices, Circuits, and Systems introduces applications from the design perspective so that the reader can learn about, and get ready to, design these applications. The book also includes the different techniques employed to comprehensively and straightforwardly design fractional-order systems/devices. Furthermore, a lot of mathematics is available in the literature for solving the fractional-order calculus for system application. However, a small portion is employed in the design of fractional-order systems. This book introduces the mathematics that has been employed explicitly for fractional-order systems. Students and scholars who want to quickly understand the field of fractional-order systems and contribute to its different domains and applications will find this book a welcomed resource. Presents a simple and comprehensive understanding of the field of fractional-order systems Offers practical knowledge on the design of fractional-order systems for different applications Exposes users to the possible new areas of applications of fractional-order systems

In this book, 20 papers focused on different fields of power electronics are gathered. Approximately half of the papers are focused on different control issues and techniques, ranging from the computer-aided design of digital compensators to more specific approaches such as fuzzy or sliding control techniques. The rest of the papers are focused on the design of novel topologies. The fields in which these controls and topologies are applied are varied: MMCs, photovoltaic systems, supercapacitors and traction systems, LEDs, wireless power transfer, etc.

This book constitutes the proceedings of the 13th IFIP TC 8 International Conference on Computer Information Systems and Industrial Management, CISIM 2014, held in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam, in November 2014. The 60 paper presented in this volume were carefully reviewed and selected from 98 submissions. They are organized in topical sections named: algorithms; biometrics and biometrics applications; data analysis and information retrieval; industrial management and other applications; modelling and optimization; networking; pattern recognition and image processing; and various aspects of computer security.

Real-time Design of Robust PID Controller for Speed Control of DC Motor

Select Proceedings of VSPICE 2019

PID Control System Design and Automatic Tuning using MATLAB/Simulink

PID Controller Design for DC Motor Using Matlab Application

Speed Control of DC Motor Using PID Controller Implementation with Visual Basic

Proceedings of ICCDN 2018

First placed on the market in 1939, the design of PID controllers remains a challenging area that requires new approaches to solving PID tuning problems while capturing the effects of noise and process variations. The augmented complexity of modern applications, microsystems technology, pneumatic mechanisms, dc motors, industry processes, require controllers that incorporate into their design important characteristics of the systems. These characteristics include but are not limited to: model uncertainty, disturbance rejection requirements and performance criteria. The scope of this book is to propose different PID controllers designs for numerous modern technology applications in order to cover the needs of an audience including researchers, scholars and students in PID controllers and related topics.

The international conference ICCIT 1441 aims to provide a platform for promoting collaboration among professional societies and enhancing technical exchanges in the computer Science, Information Technology, Computer Engineering, healthcare technology and other opportunities for the different area delegates to exchange new ideas and application experiences face to face, to establish business or research relations and to find global partners for future collaboration This conference results in significant contribution to

Digital controllers are part of nearly all modern personal, industrial, and transportation systems. Every senior or graduate student of electrical, chemical, or mechanical engineering should therefore be familiar with the basic theory of digital controllers. This monograph and applications of digital control engineering, with emphasis on engineering design. Fadali and Visioli cover analysis and design of digitally controlled systems and describe applications of digital control in a wide range of fields. With worked examples and many end-of-chapter assignments, this text provides both theory and practice for those coming to digital control engineering for the first time, whether as a student or practicing engineer. This new edition covers new topics such as Model Predictive Control. For students, it has more illustrations and simple examples; the mathematical notation is reduced where possible, and it also includes intermediate mathematical steps in derivations. Companion website features resources for instructors, including Powerpoint slides and MATLAB/Simulink sections at the end of each chapter show how to implement concepts from the chapter. Contains review material to aid understanding of digital control analysis and design. Includes some advanced material to make it suitable for two quarters at the senior/graduate level. The mathematics background required for understanding most of the book is based on what can be reasonably expected from the average electrical, chemical, or mechanical engineering senior.

The material presented in this volume represents current ideas, knowledge, experience and research results in various fields of control system design.

Proceedings of the 5th International Conference on Sustainable Design and Manufacturing (KES-SDM-18)

Design of Neutrosophic Self-Tuning PID Controller for AC Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor Based on Neutrosophic Theory

Select Proceedings of i-CASIC 2020

Applied Fractional Calculus in Identification and Control

Design and Application

Proceedings of ICEEE 2020

The book investigates the fractional calculus-based approaches and their benefits to adopting in complex real-time areas. Another objective is to provide initial solutions for new areas where fractional theory has yet to verify the expertise. The book focuses on the latest scientific interest and illustrates the basic idea of general fractional calculus with MATLAB codes. This book is ideal for researchers working on fractional calculus theory both in simulation and hardware. Researchers from academia and industry working or starting research in applied fractional calculus methods will find the book most useful. The scope of this book covers most of the theoretical and practical studies on linear and nonlinear systems using fractional-order integro-differential operators.

The proportional-integral-derivative (PID) controllers are widely used in many industrial control systems for several decades since Ziegler and Nichols proposed their first PID tuning method. This is because the PID controller structure is simple and its principle is easier to understand than most other advanced controllers. On the other hand, the general performance of PID controller is satisfactory in many applications. For these reasons, the majority of the controllers used in industry are of PI/PID type. PID controllers are widely used for process control applications requiring very precise and accurate control. The purpose of the motor speed controller is to take a signal representing the demanded speed, and to drive a motor at that speed. The controller does not actually measure the speed of the motor. Thus, it is called an Open Loop Speed Controller. Motors come in a variety of forms, and the speed controller's motor drive output will be different dependent on these forms. The speed controller presented here is designed to drive special dc motor which is not easily available anywhere in store, thus it is a good example to be used due to the special characteristics and parameters. Matlab Simulink® is an important tool used in this project, from designing the mathematical model of the dc motor, obtaining the transfer function, and designing the PID controller using both model and programming using m-files. The transfer function will be linearized and used for tuning the gain of PID controller like KP, KI, and KD. Simulink is chosen to simulate the performance of the control system.

A guide to drives essential to electric vehicles, wind turbines, and other motor-driven systems Analysis and Control of Electric Drives is a practical and comprehensive text that offers a clear understanding of electric drives and their industrial applications in the real-world including electric vehicles and wind turbines. The authors—noted experts on the topic—review the basic knowledge needed to understand electric drives and include the pertinent material that examines DC and AC machines in steady state using a unique physics-based approach. The book also analyzes electric machine operation under dynamic conditions, assisted by Space Vectors. The book is filled with illustrative examples and includes information on electric machines with Interior Permanent Magnets. To enhance learning, the book contains end-of-chapter problems and all topics covered use computer simulations with MATLAB Simulink® and Sciamble® Workbench software that is available free online for educational purposes. This important book: Explores additional topics such as electric machines with Interior Permanent Magnets

Includes multiple examples and end-of-chapter homework problems Provides simulations made using MATLAB Simulink® and Sciamble® Workbench, free software for educational purposes Contains helpful presentation slides and Solutions Manual for Instructors; simulation files are available on the associated website for easy implementation A unique feature of this book is that the simulations in Sciamble® Workbench software can seamlessly be used to control experiments in a hardware laboratory Written for undergraduate and graduate students,

Analysis and Control of Electric Drives is an essential guide to understanding electric vehicles, wind turbines, and increased efficiency of motor-driven systems.

The book covers recent trends in the field of devices, wireless communication and networking. It presents the outcomes of the International Conference in Communication, Devices and Networking (ICCDN 2018), which was organized by the Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering, Sikkim Manipal Institute of Technology, Sikkim, India on 2–3 June, 2018. Gathering cutting-edge research papers prepared by researchers, engineers and industry professionals, it will help young and experienced scientists and developers alike to

explore new perspectives, and offer them inspirations on addressing real-world problems in the field of electronics, communication, devices and networking.

A Proceedings Volume from the 2nd IFAC Conference, Bratislava, Slovak Republic, 7-10 September 2003

Digital Control Engineering

Theory, Tuning and Application to Frontier Areas

Design and Development of Digital PID Controller to Control Speed of Permanent Magnet DC Motor for Pcb Drilling Operation

Advances in Automation, Signal Processing, Instrumentation, and Control

Advances in Communication, Signal Processing, VLSI, and Embedded Systems

This book discusses the theory, application, and practice of PID control technology. It is designed for engineers, researchers, students of process control, and industry professionals. It will also be of interest for those seeking an overview of the subject of green automation who need to procure single loop and multi-loop PID controllers and who aim for an exceptional, stable, and robust closed-loop performance through process automation. Process modeling, controller design, and analyses using conventional and heuristic schemes are explained through different applications here. The readers should have primary knowledge of transfer functions, poles, zeros, regulation concepts, and background. The following sections are covered: The Theory of PID Controllers and their Design Methods, Tuning Criteria, Multivariable Systems: Automatic Tuning and Adaptation, Intelligent PID Control, Discrete, Intelligent PID Controller, Fractional Order PID Controllers, Extended Applications of PID, and Practical Applications. A wide variety of researchers and engineers seeking methods of designing and analyzing controllers will create a heavy demand for this book: interdisciplinary researchers, real time process developers, control engineers, instrument technicians, and many more entities that are recognizing the value of shifting to PID controller procurement.

Unifying Electrical Engineering and Electronics Engineering is based on the Proceedings of the 2012 International Conference on Electrical and Electronics Engineering (ICEE 2012). This book collects the peer reviewed papers presented at the conference. The aim of the conference is to unify the two areas of Electrical and Electronics Engineering. The book examines trends and techniques in the field as well as theories and applications. The editors have chosen to include the following topics: biotechnology, power engineering, superconductivity circuits, antennas technology, system architectures and telecommunication.

The objective of this work is to design Proportional Integral Derivative controller using PLC and implement it to control the speed of a DC motor. The modifications of control system have to be done frequently. In order to do so we have to come across lots of complexities. These PLC based systems removes the detailed hardware design considerations. Now PLC offers us an easy technique to modify the wiring of control system without changing its hardware. The speed of a DC motor is controlled here by varying the armature voltage using PLC as discrete state controller. Thus by applying an appropriate ladder logic a PID controller is developed as it has the combined advantages of proportional, integral & derivative control action. Here soft start method is implemented to start the motor safely without any external starter. In this controller the set point can be changed during run time. So, it is not required to off the controller to set new set point speed. This increases the flexibility of the controller. The detail ladder logic, hardware components and circuit required to perform this work is discussed in this book.

The project focused on speed control of DC motor. The main objective is to design and develop GUI software for speed control experiment, where PID controllers' design approaches has been applied. The controllers have been designed and the system is simulated using MATLAB to analyze their initial performance. The computer is connected to DC Motor via data acquisition card (DAQ Card) and Visual Basic is used to conduct the experiment. Field-testing is implemented to compare the results between the original and modified system with the PID controller. Finally, the performance of the system is analyzed and validation is done in terms of time response, robustness and percentage of error.

Design and Implementation of PID Controller for DC Motor Using PIC

Theory and Applications

Advances in Communication, Devices and Networking

Control Systems Design 2003 (CSD '03)

13th IFIP TC 8 International Conference, CISIM 2014, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam, November 5-7, 2014, Proceedings

The effectiveness of proportional-integral-derivative (PID) controllers for a large class of process systems has ensured their continued and widespread use in industry. Similarly there has been a continued interest from academia in devising better methods for the PID tuning problem. To the industrial engineer and many control academics this work has previously appeared fragmented; but a key determinant of this literature is the type of process model information used in the PID tuning method. This book presents a set of coordinated contributions illustrating methods, old and new, that cover the range of process model assumptions systematically. After a review of PID technology, these contributions begin with model-free methods, progress through model-based methods (relay experiment and phase-locked-loop procedures), visit fuzzy-logic- and genetic-algorithm-based methods; introduce a novel subspace identification method before closing with an interesting set of parametric model techniques for predictive PID controllers. Highlights of PID Control include: an introduction to PID control technology features and typical industrial implementations; chapter contributions ordered by the increasing quality of the model information used; new concepts for multivariable processes. PID Control will be useful to industry-based engineers wanting a better understanding of what is involved in the steps to a new generation of PID controller techniques. Academics wishing to have a better understanding of the current state of control research and development will find useful pedagogical material and research ideas in this text.

This book comprises selected peer-reviewed papers from the International Conference on VLSI, Signal Processing, Power Systems, Illumination and Lighting Control, Communication and Embedded Systems (VSPICE-2019). The contents are divided into several topics - VLSI and embedded systems, signal processing, power systems, illumination and control, and communication and networking. The book focuses on the latest innovations, trends, and challenges encountered in the different areas of electronics, communication, and electrical engineering. It also offers potential solutions and provides an insight into various emerging areas such as image fusion, bio-sensors, and underwater sensor networks. This book can prove to be useful for academics and researchers interested in the various sub-fields of electronics and communication engineering.

The purpose of this study is to control the speed of direct current (DC) motor with PID controller using Proportional Integral Derivative (PID). The PID Controller will be design and must be tune, so the comparison between simulation result and actual DC motor can be made. The scopes includes the simulation and modeling of direct current (DC) motor, implementation of Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) Controller into actual DC motor and comparison of MATLAB simulation result with the experimental result. The research was about introducing the new ability of in estimating speed and controlling the permanent magnet direct current (PMDC) motor. In this project, PID Controller will be used to control the speed of DC motor. The PID Controller will be used to control the speed of DC motor at certain speed level. The sensor will be used to detect the speed of motor. Then, the result from sensor is fed back to PIC to find the comparison between the desired output and measured output to get the error signal.

This book presents the select proceedings of the International Conference on Automation, Signal Processing, Instrumentation and Control (i-CASIC) 2020. The book mainly focuses on emerging technologies in electrical systems, IoT-based industrial automation, and advanced image and signal processing. It also includes studies on the analysis, design and implementation of instrumentation systems, and high-accuracy and energy-efficient controllers. The contents of this book are organized into several sections, which are: intelligent systems, signal processing, communication, and control, and other allied fields.

Sustainable Design and Manufacturing 2018

Renewable Energy and Plug-in Vehicle Integration

Design of Ladder Logic, Hardware Components and Circuit for PID Controller Using PLC to Control the Speed of DC Motor

6th International Symposium on Neural Networks, Isnn 2009 Wuhan, China, May 26-29, 2009 Proceedings

Metaheuristics and Optimization in Computer and Electrical Engineering

Analytical Design of PID Controllers

The book is a compilation of selected papers from 2020 International Conference on Electrical and Electronics Engineering (ICEEE 2020) held in National Power Training Institute HQ (Govt. of India) on February 21 – 22, 2020. The work focuses on the current development in the fields of electrical and electronics engineering like power generation, transmission and distribution, renewable energy sources and technology, power electronics and applications, robotics, artificial intelligence and IoT, control, and automation and instrumentation, electronics devices, circuits and systems, wireless and optical communication, RF and microwaves, VLSI, and signal processing. The book is beneficial for readers from both academia and industry.

Prediction of behavior of the dynamical systems, analysis and modeling of its structure is vitally important problem in engineering, economy and science today. Examples of such systems can be seen in the world around us and of course in almost every scientific discipline including such "exotic" domains like the earth's atmosphere, turbulent fluids, economics (exchange rate and stock markets), population growth, physics (control of plasma), information flow in social networks and its dynamics, chemistry and complex networks. To understand such dynamics and to use it in research or industrial applications, it is important to create its models. For this purpose there is rich spectra of methods, from classical like ARMA models or Box Jenkins method to such modern ones like evolutionary computation, neural networks, fuzzy logic, fractal geometry, deterministic chaos and more. This proceeding book is a collection of the accepted papers to conference Nostradamus that has been held in Ostrava, Czech Republic. Proceeding also comprises of outstanding keynote speeches by distinguished guest speakers: Guanrong Chen (Hong Kong), Miguel A. F. Sanjuan (Spain), Gennady Leonov and Nikolay Kuznetsov (Russia), Petr Škoda (Czech Republic). The main aim of the conference is to create periodical possibility for students, academics and researchers to exchange their ideas and novel methods. This conference will establish forum for presentation and discussion of recent trends in the area of applications of various predictive methods for researchers, students and academics.

The use of artificial intelligence, especially in the field of optimization is increasing day by day. The purpose of this book is to explore the possibility of using different kinds of optimization algorithms to advance and enhance the tools used for computer and electrical engineering purposes.

The aim of this book is to educate the readers regarding the various design aspects of PID controllers. The design of PID controllers were first introduced in the market in 1939 and is still considered as a challenging field that needs novel approaches for the formulation of solutions for PID tuning complications while capturing the effects of noise and process variations. The intensified complexity of novel applications in fields like microsystems technology, dc motors, automotive applications, industry procedures, pneumatic mechanisms, needs controllers that embody significant characteristics of the systems into their design like system's nonlinearities, disturbance rejection needs, model uncertainties, time delays and performance criteria among others. This book aims to present distinct PID controller designs for several contemporary technology applications in order to satisfy the requirements of a wide audience of researchers, professionals and scholars interested in studying about the progresses in PID controllers and associated topics.

PID Control

Design and Control of Power Converters 2019

A First Course in Control System Design

Control Based on PID Framework

Introduction to PID Controllers

Unifying Electrical Engineering and Electronics Engineering

This project is a simulation and experimental investigation into the development of PID controller using MATLAB/SIMULINK software. The simulation development of the PID controller with the mathematical model of DC motor is done using Ziegler-Nichols method and trial and error method. The PID parameter is to be tested with an actual motor also with the PID controller in MATLAB/SIMULINK software. In order to implement the PID controller from the software to the actual DC motor data acquisition is used. From the simulation and the experiment, the result performance of the PID controller is compared in term of response and the assessment is presented.

Control systems are pervasive in our lives. Our homes have environmental controls. The appliances we use, such as the washing machine, microwave, etc. carry embedded controllers in them. We fly in airplanes and drive automobiles that extensively use control systems. The industrial plants that produce consumer goods run on process control systems. The recent drive toward automation has increased our reliance on control systems technology. This book discusses control systems design from a model-based perspective for dynamic system models of single-input single-output type. The emphasis in this book is on understanding and applying the techniques that enable the design of effective control systems in multiple engineering disciplines. The book covers both time-domain and the frequency-domain design methods, as well as controller design for both continuous-time and discrete-time systems. MATLAB® and its Control Systems Toolbox are extensively used for design.

The three volume set LNCS 5551/5552/5553 constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 6th International Symposium on Neural Networks, ISNN 2009, held in Wuhan, China in May 2009. The 409 revised papers presented were carefully reviewed and selected from a total of 1,235 submissions. The papers are organized in 20 topical sections on theoretical analysis, stability, time-delay neural networks, machine learning, neural modeling, decision making systems, fuzzy systems and fuzzy neural networks, support vector machines and kernel methods, genetic algorithms, clustering and classification, pattern recognition, intelligent control, optimization, robotics, image processing, signal processing, biomedical applications, fault diagnosis, telecommunication, sensor network and transportation systems, as well as applications.

In practical control applications, AC permanent magnet synchronous motors need to work in different response characteristics. In order to meet this demand, a controller which can independently realize the different response characteristics of the motor is designed based on neutrosophic theory and genetic algorithm. According to different response characteristics, neutrosophic membership functions are constructed. Then, combined with the cosine measure theorem and genetic algorithm, the neutrosophic self-tuning PID controller is designed. It can adjust the parameters of the controller according to response requirements. Finally, three kinds of controllers with typical system response characteristics are designed by using Simulink. The effectiveness of the designed controller is verified by simulation results.

Nostradamus 2014: Prediction, Modeling and Analysis of Complex Systems

Nostradamus 2013: Prediction, Modeling and Analysis of Complex Systems

PID Controller Design Approaches

Design Aspects of Pid Controllers

The Mutual Promotion of Control and Identification for Complex Systems

Analysis and Design

Design and Implementation of PID Controller for DC Motor Using PIC

The prediction of behavior of complex systems, analysis and modeling of its structure is a vitally important problem in engineering, economy and generally in science today. Examples of such systems can be seen in the world around us (including our bodies) and of course in almost every scientific discipline including such "exotic" domains as the earth's atmosphere, turbulent fluids, economics (exchange rate and stock markets), population growth, physics (control of plasma), information flow in social networks and its dynamics, chemistry and complex networks. To understand such complex dynamics, which often exhibit strange behavior, and to use it in research or industrial applications, it is paramount to create its models. For this purpose there exists a rich spectrum of methods, from classical such as ARMA models or Box Jenkins method to modern ones like evolutionary computation, neural networks, fuzzy logic, geometry, deterministic chaos amongst others. This proceedings book is a collection of accepted papers of the Nostradamus conference that has been held in Ostrava, Czech Republic in June 2014. This book also includes outstanding keynote lectures by distinguished guest speakers: René Lozi (France), Ponnuthurai Nagarathnam Suganthan (Singapore) and Lars Nolle (Germany). The main aim of the conference was to create a periodical possibility for students, academics and researchers to exchange their ideas and novel research methods. This conference establishes a forum for presentation and discussion of recent research trends in the area of applications of various predictive methods.

Nature-inspired algorithms such as cuckoo search and firefly algorithm have become popular and widely used in recent years in many applications. These algorithms are flexible, efficient and easy to implement. New progress has been made in the last few years, and it is timely to summarize the latest developments of cuckoo search and firefly algorithm and their diverse applications. This book will review both theoretical studies and applications with detailed algorithm analysis, implementation and case studies so that readers can benefit most from this book. Application topics are contributed by many leading experts in the field. Topics include cuckoo search, firefly algorithm, algorithm analysis, feature selection, image processing, travelling salesman problem, neural network, GPU optimization, scheduling, queuing, multi-objective manufacturing optimization, semantic web service, shape optimization, and others. This book can serve as an ideal reference for both graduates and researchers in computer science, evolutionary computing, machine learning, computational intelligence, and optimization, as well as engineers in business intelligence, knowledge management and information technology.

The conference covers the subject areas including digital IC design, analog RF Mixed Signal IC design, Device Modeling and Technology, RF communication circuits, embedded systems nonlinear circuits and system In addition to the technical papers, the conference also covers tutorials on recent advancements in the above said areas, Keynote and Plenary sessions by leading industry leaders and renowned academicians

Microgrid Cyberphysical Systems

Cuckoo Search and Firefly Algorithm

Design of PID Controller Using PLC

Service Robots and Robotics: Design and Application

PID Digital Controller for DC Motor Speed Using MC68HC11 Microcontroller

Fractional-Order Design

This book gathers papers presented at the 5th International Conference on Sustainable Design and Manufacturing (SDM-18), held in Gold Coast, Australia in June 2018. The conference covered a wide range of topics, including: sustainable product design and service innovation, sustainable processes and technology for the manufacturing of sustainable products, sustainable manufacturing systems and enterprises, decision support for sustainability, and the study of the societal impact of sustainability including research on the circular economy. The corresponding application areas are wide and varied. The aim of cutting-edge research into sustainable design and manufacturing is to enable the manufacturing industry to grow by adopting more advanced technologies, and at the same time improve its sustainability by reducing its environmental impact. With these goals in mind, the book provides an excellent overview of the latest research and development in the area of Sustainable Design and Manufacturing.

Modern industry has huge demands on motion control. One of the most widely used plants among all the available electrical systems is the DC motor. It is necessary to control the speed of the DC motor to meet desired specifications in various industrial applications. Proportional-Integral-Derivative (PID) controllers are widely used for industrial applications because they are simple in structure and easy to implement.

Advances in Neural Networks Isnn 2009

Innovations in Electrical and Electronic Engineering

New Identification and Design Methods

Devices, Circuits, and Systems