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Limpopo Economics Paper 1 June Exam

The aim of this occasional paper is to gain a better understanding of urban agriculture within the green infrastructure network

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in the City of Johannesburg and to identify the range of ecosystem services that could be delivered when maintaining and investing in these assets. The analysis in this paper adopts a multi-method approach to (1) identify the interlinkages between

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urban agriculture and social, economic and environmental systems in the City of Johannesburg; (2) validate these critical interlinkages with stakeholder input and ground-level experience of urban agriculture; and (3) visualise these interlinkages through a spatial analysis of

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food gardens in the
City of

Johannesburg.

This report examines
the links between
inequality and other
major global trends
(or megatrends), with
a focus on
technological change,
climate change,
urbanization and
international
migration. The

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analysis pays particular attention to poverty and labour market trends, as they mediate the distributional impacts of the major trends selected. It also provides policy recommendations to manage these megatrends in an equitable manner and considers the policy

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implications, so as to reduce inequalities and support their implementation.

An award-winning scientist offers his unorthodox approach to childrearing:

“Parentology is brilliant, jaw-droppingly funny, and full of wisdom...bound to change your thinking about

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parenting and its
conventions” (Amy

Chua, author of Battle

Hymn of the Tiger

Mother). If you're like

many parents, you

might ask family and

friends for advice

when faced with

important choices

about how to raise

your kids. You might

turn to parenting

books or simply rely

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on timeworn religious or cultural traditions. But when Dalton Conley, a dual-doctorate scientist and full-blown nerd, needed childrearing advice, he turned to scientific research to make the big decisions. In Parentology, Conley hilariously reports the results of those

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experiments, from bribing his kids to do math (since studies show conditional cash transfers improved educational and health outcomes for kids) to teaching them impulse control by giving them weird names (because evidence shows kids with unique names learn not to react

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when their peers
tease them) to getting
a vasectomy
(because fewer kids
in a family mean
smarter kids). Conley
encourages parents
to draw on the latest
data to rear children,
if only because that
level of engagement
with kids will produce
solid and happy ones.
Ultimately these

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experiments are very loving, and the outcomes are redemptive—even when Conley's sassy kids show him the limits of his profession.

Parentology teaches you everything you need to know about the latest literature on parenting—with lessons that go down

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easy. You'll be laughing and learning at the same time. Efforts have been made toward the application of electronic government in the developing world, yet questions of how to best implement governance systems and address concerns from officials and

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citizens alike remain to be answered.

Emerging Issues and Prospects in African E-Government explores relevant practices, trends, and potential challenges facing fledgling governments in the digital era. This book focuses on the establishment and maintenance of e-government in various

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African countries, providing critical insights for government bodies, policymakers, administrators, and public sector researchers working in local, state, and national governments around the world.

South Africa Pushed to the Limit

Routledge Handbook

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of Climate Justice

Everything You

Wanted to Know

about the Science of

Raising Children but

Were Too Exhausted

to Ask

The Political Economy

of Change

In the Heat of

Shadows

Regulation and the

Global Financial

Crisis

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The Feeding of
Nations

Editorial: Tuyeni
H Mwampamba,
Rob Bailis,
Adrian Ghilardi
Urbanization,
food, and water
consumption
trends in many
tropical
countries show

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that demand for charcoal (as a source of cooking energy), meat, grain and water will rise to proportions that surpass the ability of existing ecosystems to supply these

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services
simultaneously
and at desired
qualities.

Consequently,
drastic changes
to policy and
practice are
needed to
improve
ecosystem
potential and/or

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alter demand
trends.

Traditional
charcoal
production in
sub-Saharan
Africa, South
East Asia and
Latin America
often competes
or co-exists with
livestock

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keeping and agriculture and has a tendency to occur in water-limited woodlands. The co-occurrence of charcoal and food production results in complex landscapes

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characterized by
strong

interactions

between

subsystems,

managed by

multiple sets of

actors, with

potentially

competing

objectives.

These social-

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ecological
systems provide
goods and
services that are
essential to
millions of
people
throughout the
global south.
Nevertheless,
there have been
very few

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detailed studies of such systems, particularly on the individual and combined effects of charcoal, crop, and livestock production on the hydrological system that maintains them

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and vice versa.
As a result,
these multi-use
landscapes are
typically
managed by
short-sighted,
highly
generalized,
mono-sectorial
policies that
ignore important

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tradeoffs and undercapitalize on synergies. A system-level approach could provide important insights that improve and expand current understanding of this energy-

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food-water
nexus. Tackling
urgent and
complex
problems
composed of
multiple and
interrelated
factors lies at
the heart of
nexus thinking -
an approach

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that “examines
the inter-
relatedness and
interdependenci
es of
environmental
resources and
their transitions
and fluxes
across spatial
scales and
between

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compartments”
(UNU-FLORES
2015) and relies
on
interdisciplinary
research and
multi-sector
policy teams. It
has attracted
significant
interest from
international

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organizations,
the private
sector and
governments as
a way to
develop
integrated
equitable
solutions that
involve inputs
from multiple
stakeholders.

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However, this approach is notably absent in the research arena.

Identifying appropriate interventions for achieving sustainable charcoal and food production

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and maintaining
the underlying
hydrological
system on which
they depend
requires that the
systems are
considered
simultaneously
and that their
biophysical,
social, and

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political inter-
relations are
well understood.
Taking charcoal
as the nexus
entry-point, this
Research Topic
aims to
generate new
understanding
of charcoal
production

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systems by
incorporating
agriculture and
hydrology into
the matrix. We
were interested
in empirical
articles, reviews,
meta-analytical
articles and
perspective
papers that

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address at least
two of the three
nexus

components and
which offer
provocative and
insightful
perspectives
into the nexus
as a whole. We
hope that this
Research Topic

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will 1) facilitate identification of research gaps, policy opportunities and priorities for the nexus, 2) kick-start the development of a community of researchers and practitioners

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working on the
nexus, and 3)
permit the
development of
a research
agenda that
explores the
nexus globally
across multiple
study sites.
Since 1994, the
democratic

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government in South Africa has worked hard at improving the lives of the black majority, yet close to half the population lives in poverty, jobs are scarce, and the country is more unequal

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than ever. For millions, the colour of people's skin still decides their destiny. In his wide-ranging, incisive and provocative analysis, Hein Marais shows that although

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the legacies of
apartheid and
colonialism
weigh heavy,
many of the
strategic choices
made since the
early 1990s
have
compounded
those
handicaps.

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Marais explains why those choices were made, where they went awry, and why South Africa's vaunted formations of the left -- old and new -- have failed to prevent or alter them.

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From the real reasons behind President Jacob Zuma's rise and the purging of his predecessor, Thabo Mbeki, to a devastating critique of the country's continuing AIDS crisis, its

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economic path
and its approach
to the rights and
entitlements of
citizens, South
Africa Pushed to
the Limit
presents a
riveting
benchmark
analysis of the
incomplete

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journey beyond
apartheid.
Economic
development,
population
growth and poor
resource
management
have combined
to alter the
planet's natural
environment in

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dramatic and
alarming ways.
For over twenty
years,
considerable
research and
debate have
focused on
clarifying or
disputing
linkages
between various

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forms of environmental change and various understandings of security. At one extreme lie sceptics who contend that the linkages are weak or even non-existent;

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they are simply attempts to harness the resources of the security arena to an environmental agenda. At the other extreme lie those who believe that these linkages

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may be the most important drivers of security in the 21st century; indeed, the very future of humankind may be at stake. This book brings together contributions

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from a range of disciplines to present a critical and comprehensive overview of the research and debate linking environmental factors to security. It provides a

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framework for
representing
and
understanding
key areas of
intellectual
convergence
and
disagreement,
clarifying
achievements of
the research as

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well as identifying its weaknesses and gaps. Part I explores the various ways environmental change and security have been linked, and provides principal

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critiques of this linkage. Part II explores the linkage through analysis of key issue areas such as climate change, energy, water, food, population, and development. Finally, the book

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concludes with a discussion of the value of this subfield of security studies, and with some ideas about the questions it might profitably address in the future. This volume is the

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first to provide a comprehensive overview of the field. With contributions from around the world, it combines established and emerging scholars to offer a platform for

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the next wave of research and policy activity. It is invaluable for both students and practitioners interested in international relations, environment studies and

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human
geography.

With

contributions

from both

Mozambican and

non-

Mozambican

scholars of multi-

disciplinary

backgrounds

and approaches,

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this book
provides a range
of new
perspectives on
how
Mozambique has
been
characterized by
profound
changes in its
rural
communities

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and places.
Despite the
persistence of
poverty in
Mozambique,
significant
investments
have been made
in rural areas in
extractive
industry or
agribusiness,

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resulting in both
the
transformation
of these areas,
and a new set of
tensions and
conflicts related
to land tenure
and population
resettlement.
Meanwhile, the
Mozambican

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rural landscape
is one
dominated by
smallholders
whose
livelihoods
depend on both
farming and non-
farming
activities, and
who are often
extremely

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vulnerable to shocks and pressure over resources. The emergence of new civil society organizations has led to clashes with in the interests of local political, administrative

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and economic powers, creating fresh social conflicts.

Transformations of the Rural Spaces in Mozambique examines the process of transformation across a range

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of settings; from
the impacts of
large-scale
industries and
the
transformation
of agriculture, to
relations
between state
and non-state
actors and
issues related to

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land.

Natural

Resource

Sovereignty and
the Right to

Development in
Africa

Environmental
Security

Wrecking Ball

Climate Change

Adaptation and

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Development
Transformations
of Rural Spaces
in Mozambique
Approaches and
Issues

Minerals
Yearbook

**The redistribution of
land has profound
implications for women
and for gender relations;**

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however, gender issues have been marginalised from both theoretical and policy discussions of agrarian reform. This book presents an overview of gender and agrarian reform experiences globally. Jacobs highlights case studies from Latin America, Asia, Africa and eastern Europe and also compares agrarian

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and land reforms organised along collective lines as well as along individual household lines. This volume will be of interest to scholars in Geography, Women's Studies, and Economics. This volume, covering metals and minerals, contains chapters on approximately 90 commodities. In

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addition, this volume has chapters on mining and quarrying trends and on statistical surveying methods used by Minerals Information, plus a statistical summary. The existential environmental crisis prompted the United Nations to formulate the Millennium Development Goals at

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the turn of the 21st century in order to embark on an era of sustainable development. The progress and deficiencies in achieving the Millennium Development Goals provided impetus to the intelligentsia and policymakers to map out the pertinent goals for a

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sustainable growth trajectory for humanity and the planet. The United Nations' 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, which was adopted in September 2015, took the shape of 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and 169 targets. In effect, the 17 Sustainable

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Development Goals
focus on protecting the
earth's life support
systems for intra- and
inter-generational equity
and for development
that is rooted in
sustainability science.
Attaining these goals is
an uphill task;
nevertheless, scientific
knowledge, trans and
interdisciplinary
inquiries, concerted

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global action and capacity building would provide an enabling environment for achieving the SDGs.

This book explores the synergies and trade-offs between climate change management and other SDGs. It highlights the policy imperatives as well as the interrelations between combating climate change and its

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impacts (SDG 13) and food and nutritional security (SDG 2), water security (SDG 6), soil security (SDG 15), energy security (SDG 7), poverty eradication (SDG 1), gender equality (SDG 5), resilient infrastructure (SDG 9), and sustainable and resilient cities (SDG 11).

A changing climate is

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likely to have a drastic impact on crop yields in Africa. The purpose of this book is to document the effects of climate change on agriculture in Africa and to discuss strategies for adaptation to hotter weather and less predictable rainfall. These strategies include promoting opportunities for farmers to adopt technologies that

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produce optimal results in terms of crop yield and income under local agro-ecological and socioeconomic conditions. The focus is on sub-Saharan Africa, an area that is already affected by changing patterns of heat and rainfall. Because of the high prevalence of subsistence farming, food insecurity, and

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extreme poverty in this region, there is a great need for practical adaptation strategies. The book includes empirical research in Ethiopia, Kenya, South Africa, Tanzania, and other Sub-Saharan countries, and the conclusion summarizes policy-relevant findings from the chapters. It is aimed at advanced

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students, researchers,
extension and
development
practitioners, and
officials of government
agencies, NGOs, and
funding agencies. It also
will provide
supplementary reading
for courses in
environment and
development and in
agricultural economics.

Impact, Regulatory

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Responses, and Beyond
Gender and Rural

Globalization

Gender and Agrarian

Reforms

Food Security in a

Changing Environment

Agricultural Adaptation

to Climate Change in

Africa

Global Climate Change

and Environmental

Policy

Modern Approaches To

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Quality Control

This book

discusses "tourism
and hospitality"
from different
perspectives and
disciplines. In
addition, this book,
considering the
tourism and hotel
management
terminology, is

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expected to be a source book for the theoretical and practical scientific studies in the fields which is in close relationship such as gastronomy, recreation and marketing.

This book

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discusses the problems and challenges of environmental and ecological conditions in Africa, amidst the current craze of economic growth and development. Africa's significant economic

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dynamics and growth trajectories are marked by neglect of the environment, reinforcing ecological crises. Unless environmental-ecological and population growth problems are addressed as an

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integral part of
developmental
strategies and
growth models, the
crises will
accelerate and
lead to huge costs
in later years.

Chapters examine
multiple emerging
tension points all
across the

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continent,
including the
potential benefits
and harm of
growing urban-
based ecotourism,
the trajectory of
labour-saving
technologies and
the problems
facing agro-
pastoralism.

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Although
environmental
management and
sustainability
features of African
rural societies
should not be
idealized,
functional
'traditional'
economies,
interests and

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management practices are often bypassed, seen by state elites as inefficient and inhibiting 'growth'. In many regions the seeds are now sown for lasting environmental crises that will affect local

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societies that have rarely been given opportunity to claim

accountability from the state regimes and donors driving these changes.

Several environmental changes have occurred in the

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Sudan in the past;
several are
ongoing; and
others are
projected to
happen in the
future. The Sudan
has witnessed
increases in
temperature,
floods, rainfall
variability, and

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concurrent
droughts. In a
country where
agriculture, which
is mainly rainfed, is
a major contributor
to gross domestic
product, foreign
exchange
earnings, and
livelihoods, these
changes are

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especially
important,
requiring
measurement and
analysis of their
impact. This study
not only analyzes
the economy-wide
impacts of climate
change, but also
consults national
policy plans,

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strategies, and environmental assessments to identify interventions which may mitigate the effects. We feed climate forcing, water demand, and macro-socioeconomic trends into a

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modelling suite
that includes
models for global
hydrology, river
basin
management,
water stress, and
crop growth, all
connected to the
International Model
for Policy Analysis
of Agricultural

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Commodities and Trade (IMPACT). The outcomes of this part of the modeling suite are annual crop yields and global food prices under various climate change scenarios until 2050. The effects of such

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changes on
production,
consumption,
macroeconomic
indicators, and
income distribution
are assessed
using a single
country dynamic
Computable
General
Equilibrium (CGE)

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model for the
Sudan.

Additionally, we introduce yield variability into the CGE model based on stochastic projections of crop yields until 2050. The results of the model simulations reveal that, while

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the projected
mean climate
changes bring
some good news
for the Sudan,
extreme negative
variability costs the
Sudan
cumulatively
between 2018 and
2050 US\$ 109.5
billion in total

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absorption and
US\$ 105.5 billion
in GDP relative to
a historical mean
climate scenario
without climate
change.

In the last decade,
the world has
grown richer and
produced more
food than ever

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before. Yet in that same period, hunger has increased and 925 million remain underfed and malnourished. Exploring this troubling paradox, *The Feeding of Nations: Re-Defining Food*

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Security for the
21st Century offers
a glimpse into how
the simple
aspiration of global
foo

Redefining Food
Security for the
21st Century
Growth Narratives
vs. Local Realities
Theory and

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Practice in
Hospitality and
Tourism Research
Exploring
Synergies and
Trade-offs
between Climate
Change and the
Sustainable
Development
Goals
Inequality in a

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Rapidly Changing
World

Socio-Economic

Insecurity in

Emerging

Economies

Closing the

Knowledge Gap

Rapid advance have
been made in the last
decade in the quality
control procedures

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and techniques, most of the existing books try to cover specific techniques with all of their details. The aim of this book is to demonstrate quality control processes in a variety of areas, ranging from pharmaceutical and medical fields to

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construction engineering and data quality. A wide range of techniques and procedures have been covered.

The need for the creation of an enabling political, legal and economic environment for women within

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Turkey is rising. A growing concern is shown at the ethnic divisions and local discrimination against women, which have spilled over into the labor market. This book lends a supporting voice to the economic and social

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empowerment of women globally, focusing on the real causes and the unpredictable nature of the ongoing conflicts surrounding the issue. The authors bring to the forefront problems of development within

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various regions and the implementation of projects, which address the state of women, inequality and risks, that are inimical to their participation in the economy. Emphasis is laid on why women should be permitted access to

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the many
opportunities in
information
technology and
exchange,
partnership growth
and networking in
this digital era. The
oppressive policies
of Turkey are
scrutinized to
unravel the dangers

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they pose to the
corporate existence
of women in the
modern world.

Furthermore, this
book centers on the
deliberation on
regional politics and
issues on gender and
women's
empowerment in
modern Turkey

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whilst comparing
with other countries.
The work sheds light
on salient issues and
possible remedies
within target
countries and the
concerted efforts
made to create a
reliable structure to
discuss gender
conflicts. Ample

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contributions from
countries such as the

US, Germany,
Serbia, South Africa
and United Kingdom
are pivotal to
comparing and
examining the main
debates. Addressing
several global
gender-related
examples as well as

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Turkey's national principles, this book encourages full involvement of women and girls in deciding the fate of their country. This book serves as the rallying point of an array of informative and mind-expanding works of literature in

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regional studies,
gender studies,
migration economy,
and area studies in
countries like
Turkey, USA,
Serbia, UK, and
India. Experts,
students, and readers
in the academic
sphere may find this
work educative and

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intellectually
fulfilling.

Foreign policy and domestic policy feed into each other. To a large degree, the latter informs the former. This book demonstrates the relationship between the two, paying particularly close

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attention to how South Africa envisioned its foreign policy during the negotiation process. Importantly, it spells out how South Africa's foreign policy has evolved since the early 1990s. The critics of South

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Africa's foreign policy often question the motives behind the country's involvement in African and global affairs. The contributions here demonstrate the complex nature of foreign policy making, approaching

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the subject both
from a broad
theoretical
perspective and
specifically through
empirical case
studies. The book
will appeal to
political scientists,
historians, policy
practitioners,
international

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relations specialists,
and government
officials and their
advisors, as well as
international
relations theorists.

A Comparative
Perspective of
Women's Economic
Empowerment Routl
edge

South African Poetry

Page 116/239

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1996-2013
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World Social Report
2020
Transforming
Paradigms and
Practices
Emerging Issues and
Prospects in African
E-Government
Agriculture
Perspectives
Foreign Policy

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Posture in Post-
Apartheid South
Africa

CSR in the Latin
American Mining
Sector

*The Financial
Crisis was a
cross-sector
crisis that
fundamentally
affected modern
society.*

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Regulation, as a concept, was both blamed for allowing the crisis to happen, but also tasked with developing and implementing solutions in the wake of the crash. In this book, a number of specialists

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from a range of fields have contributed their insights into the effect of the Financial Crisis upon the regulatory frameworks affecting their fields, how regulators have responded to the Crisis, and then

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what this may mean for the future of regulation within those industries. These analyses are joined by a picture of past financial crises – which reveals interesting patterns – and then analyses of

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architectural
regulatory
models that were
fundamentally
affected by the
Crisis. The book
aims to allow
sector
specialists the
freedom to share
their insights
so that,
potentially, a
broader picture

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can be
identified.

*Providing an
interesting and
thought-
provoking
account of this
societally
impactful era,
this book will
help the reader
develop a more
informed
understanding of*

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*the potential
future of
financial
regulation. The
book will be of
value to
researchers,
students,
advanced level
students,
regulators, and
policymakers.
Global climate
change threatens*

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*human existence
through its
potential impact
on agriculture
and the
environment.*

*Agriculture is c
limate-
sensitive, and
climate
variability and
climate change
have net
negative impact*

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on it.

1 June Exam
Additionally,
the agricultural
landscape is
affected by
monoculture and
agro-
biodiversity
loss, soil
fertility
depletion and
soil loss,
competition from
biofuel

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*production, crop
yield plateaus
and invasive
species.*

*Nevertheless,
the global
agricultural
production
system has to
meet the food
demands from the
growing human
population,
which is set to*

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exceed 10 billion by 2050. This book discusses the impacts of climate change on agriculture, animal husbandry and rural livelihoods. Further, since agriculture, forestry and other land-use

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sectors contribute about 10–12 gigatonnes of CO₂-equivalent per year, it argues that agricultural policy must dovetail adaptation and mitigation strategies to reduce

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greenhouse gases
emissions. This

*calls for a
reformative and
disruptive
agricultural
strategy like
climate-smart
agriculture,
which can
operate at all
spatio-temporal
scales with few
modifications.*

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Economics Paper
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The book also redefines sustainable agriculture through the lens of climate-smart agriculture in the context of the sustainability of Earth's life-support system and inter- and intra-

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generational equity. The climate-smart agriculture approach is gaining currency thanks to its inherent positive potential, and its goal to establish an agricultural system which

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Economics Paper

includes

"climate-smart food systems", "climate-proof farms", and "climate-smart soils". Climate-smart agriculture provides a pathway to achieve sustainable development

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Economics Paper

goals which
focus on poverty
reduction, food
security, and
environmental
health.

Taking a unique
comparative
approach to the
respective
development
paths of India,
Brazil and South
Africa (IBSA),

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this book shows that people and governments in all three countries are faced with similar challenges of heightened insecurity, caused by liberalization and structural adjustment. The

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ways in which governments, as well as individuals and worker organisations in IBSA have responded to these challenges are at the core of this book. The book explores the nature of

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insecurity in the Global South; the nature of the responses to this insecurity on public and small-scale collective as well as individual level; the potential of these responses

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*to be more than
neo-liberal
mechanisms to
govern and
contain the poor
and lessons to
be learnt from
these three
countries. The
first section
covers
livelihood
strategies in
urban and rural*

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*areas as
individual and
small-scale
collective
response to the
condition of
insecurity.*

*Insecurity in
the countries of
the South is
characterised by
a high degree of
uncertainty of
the availability*

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of income opportunities.

The second section looks at state responses to insecurity and contributions on social protection measures taken by the respective IBSA governments. The

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third section discusses whether alternative development paths can be identified. The aim is to move beyond 'denunciatory analysis.'
Livelihood strategies as well as public

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policies in some of the cases allow for the building of new spaces for agency and contestation of a neo-liberal mainstream which provide emerging and experimental examples. The book develops new thinking on

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Northern welfare states and their declining trade unions. It argues that these concepts, knowledge and policy innovations are now travelling in three directions, from North to South, from South to

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*North, and
between Southern
countries. This
book provides
unique insights
for researchers
and postgraduate
students in
development
studies, social
policy and
industrial
sociology.
The term*

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"climate justice" began to gain traction in the late 1990s following a wide range of activities by social and environmental justice movements that emerged in response to the operations of

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the fossil fuel industry and, later, to what their members saw as the failed global climate governance model that became so transparent at COP15 in Copenhagen. The term continues to gain momentum

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*in discussions
around
sustainable
development,
climate change,
mitigation and
adaptation, and
has been slowly
making its way
into the world
of international
and national
policy. However,
the connections*

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*between these
remain
unestablished.
Addressing the
need for a
comprehensive
and integrated
reference
compendium, The
Routledge
Handbook of
Climate Justice
provides
students,*

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*academics and
professionals
with a valuable
insight into
this fast-
growing field.
Drawing together
a multidisciplinary
range of
authors from the
Global North and
South, this
Handbook
addresses some*

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*of the most
salient topics
in current
climate justice
research,
including just
transition,
urban climate
justice and
public
engagement, in
addition to the
field's more
traditional*

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*focus on gender,
international
governance and
climate ethics.
With an emphasis
on facilitating
learning based
on cutting-edge
specialised
climate justice
research and
application,
each chapter
draws from the*

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most recent sources, real-world best practices and tutored reflections on the strategic dimensions of climate justice and its related disciplines. The Routledge Handbook of Climate Justice

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will be essential reading for students and scholars, as well as being a vital reference tool for those practically engaged in the field.

Tourism and Hospitality Studies

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*Climate change
and agriculture
in the Sudan:
Impact pathways
beyond changes
in mean rainfall
and temperature*
*Agricultural
Economics
Bulletin for
Africa
A Comparative
Perspective of
Women's Economic*

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*Empowerment
Charcoal, Food,
and Water
Production in
the Tropics:
Applying Nexus
Thinking to
Improve Research
and Policy
Approaches in
Complex
Landscapes
Tourism and
Poverty*

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*Reduction
Why permanent
technological
unemployment, a
predictable
pandemic and
other wicked
problems will
end*

"Social
participation
in water
management and

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Economics Paper
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governance recently became a reality in many economies and societies.

Yet the dimensions in which power regulation, social equity and democracy-building are connected with

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participation
have been only
tangentially
analyzed for
the water
sector.

Understanding
the growing
interest in
social
participation
involves
appreciating

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the specificity
of the
contemporary
period within
its historic
and geographic
contexts as
well as
uncovering
larger
political,
economic and
cultural trends

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of recent decades which frame participatory actions. Within a wide variety of cases presented from around the world, the reader will find critical analyses of

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participation
and an array of
political
ecological
processes that
influence water
governance.

Sixteen
chapters from a
diverse group
of scholars and
practitioners
examine water

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rights
definition,
hydropower dam
construction,
urban river
renewal,
irrigation
organizations,
water
development
NGOs, river
basin
management,

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water policy
implementation
and judicial
decision-making
in water
conflicts. Yet
there are
commonalities
in
participatory
experiences
across this
spectrum of

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water issues.

The book's five
sections

highlight key
dimensions of
contemporary
water

management that
influence, and

in turn are
influenced by,
social

participation.

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These sections
are:

participation
and indigenous
water

governance;

participation
and the

dynamics of
gender in water
management;

participation
and river basin

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governance;
participation
and
implementation
of water
management and
participation
and the
politics of
water governanc
e." --Back
cover.

This book

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explores the
nexus between
natural
resources
ownership and
the right to
development in
Africa. The
right to
sovereignty
over natural
resources and
the right to

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development are recognised and protected in an extensive framework of international, regional and domestic instruments. They guarantee people's entitlement to fully and

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freely utilise
their natural
resources as a
means of
subsistence and
for economic,
social and
cultural
development.
Yet, despite
the abundance
of natural
resources in

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Africa a majority of the people on the continent remain largely impoverished. This book articulates the central argument that to achieve the right to development in

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Africa requires appropriate governance of the continent's natural resources to which the people of Africa are guaranteed sovereign ownership. With case study

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illustrations
from Zimbabwe,
Ghana, Ethiopia
and the
Democratic
Republic of
Congo, chapters
explore the
normative
measures,
specific
guarantees and
community

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entitlements to
natural

resources for
the realisation
of the right to
development.

The book will
be an

invaluable

guide to

scholars and
postgraduate

students of

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Natural Resources, Development and African studies as well as policymakers and practitioners in these areas. 'The concept of the commons as a shared resource

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capable of
yielding
collective
benefits to
people is a well-
established
one in the
social
sciences, but
its extension
to jointly-
owned cultural
resources is

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relatively new.
This pioneering
book explores
the idea of a
cultural
commons as it
can be applied
in a wide range
of areas,
including
landscapes, art
and design,
gastronomy,

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heritage, the performing arts and the online world. Although the book's chapters are written mainly from the perspective of cultural economics, the scope of the volume is truly

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interdisciplinary. the book is more than just a comprehensive introduction to the topic. It is also a source of original ideas that will act as a stimulus to further research in the

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field.' – David
Throsby,
Macquarie
University,
Australia This
compelling book
offers a fresh
and novel
approach to
study cultural
and artistic
expression from
the perspective

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of 'the commons'. It demonstrates how identifying cultures as shared resources is useful in eliciting the main factors and social dilemmas affecting the

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production and evolution of cultural expression. Adopting the unifying perspective of 'the cultural commons', the chapters provide in-depth analysis of a wide range

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of cultural resources, including traditional cultural expression, heritage, gastronomy and cultural content in virtual worlds. Taking an interdisciplinary

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perspective and gathering contributions from economic, sociological and legal fields, this timely book proposes a new and complementary research agenda.

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Scholars and postgraduate students of cultural economics, cultural studies, and sociology of culture will find this authoritative and essential book

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invaluable.

The Food and
Agriculture
Organization of
the United
Nations (FAO)
produced a 2011
report on women
in agriculture
with a clear
and urgent
message:
agriculture

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underperforms because half of all farmers—women—lack equal access to the resources and opportunities they need to be more productive. This book builds on the report's

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conclusions by
providing, for
a non-
specialist
audience, a
compendium of
what we know
now about
gender gaps in
agriculture.
Cultural
Commons
The

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Environmental
Crunch in
Africa
Building new
spaces
Gender in
Agriculture

International
Perspectives on
Gender and
Rural
Development

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Minerals

Yearbook Metals
and Minerals

2010 Volume I

Since 2000, IOM
has been

producing world
migration reports.

The World

Migration Report

2020, the tenth in
the world

migration report

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series, has been produced to contribute to increased understanding of migration throughout the world. This new edition presents key data and information on migration as well as thematic

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chapters on highly topical migration issues, and is structured to focus on two key contributions for readers: Part I: key information on migration and migrants (including migration-related statistics); and

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Part II: balanced, evidence-based analysis of complex and emerging migration issues. Wrecking Ball explores, in an unprecedented manner, a decalogue of wicked problems that confronts

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humanity: Nuclear
proliferation,
climate change,
pandemics,
permanent
technological
unemployment,
Orwellian public
and private
surveillance,
social media that
distorts reality,
cyberwarfare, the

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fragmentation of democracies, the inability of nations to cabin private power, the failure of multinational institutions to promote collaboration and the deepening of autocratic rule in countries that have never known

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anything but
extractive
institutions.
Collectively, or
even severally,
these wicked
problems
constitute crises
that could end
civilisation. Does
this list frighten
you, or do you
blithely assume

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that tomorrow will
be just like
yesterday?

Wrecking Ball

shows that without
an inclusive

system of global
governance, the

collective action

required to solve

those wicked

problems falls

beyond the remit

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of the world's 20
1. June Exam
inclusive

democracies, 50

flawed

democracies and

130 extractive,

elitist autocracies.

Flawed

democracies and

autocracies that

already struggle to

produce goods

necessary for their

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own citizens to flourish, are simply incapable of committing to international arrangements that address the existential threats posed by the decalogue of wicked problems. This then is our children's

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inheritance:

Dystopias far, far worse than the polities that we ourselves have known. What, if anything, can mitigate the harms that are our legacy? Wrecking Ball offers, as an answer, a ground-breaking analysis

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of South Africa's political economy. It demonstrates that this country's elitist and extractive political and economic institutions not only make resolution of ongoing domestic crises unattainable,

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likewise, they
1. June Exam
make meaningful
responses to
wicked problems
impossible. Smart
people think they
have all the
answers. Without
laboring under any
such illusions,
Martin Luther King
Jr eloquently
opined: 'The arc of

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the moral universe
is long, but it
bends towards
justice.' But what
will happen, King
would acidly ask, if
we continue to
dawdle, and
simply run out of
time? Wrecking
Ball simialary
operates under no
such 'smart'

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Economics Paper
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pretenses, and
undeterred and
unmatched
ventures into
terrains traversed
by truly great
political
economists:
Smith, Ricardo,
Marx and Keynes.
By knitting
together what we
all know to be the

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facts, with cutting edge theory in economics, sociology, history and political science, the book paints an unflinching portrait of where we are, and where we are headed. Are we ready to be honest with

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ourselves about
the likely future of
this overheated,
overpopulated
planet?

The authors
explore the
complex dynamics
of mining and
Corporate Social
Responsibility
(CSR) in Latin
America, including

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a reflection on the African continent, presenting arguments and case studies based on new research on a set of urgent and emerging questions surrounding mining, development and

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sustainability.
Theory and
Practice in
Hospitality and
Tourism Research
includes 111
contributions from
the 2nd
International
Hospitality and
Tourism
Conference 2014
(Penang, Malaysia,

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2-4 September

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2014), and covers

a comprehensive

range of topics,

including: -

Hospitality

management -

Hospitality &

tourism marketing

- Tourism

management -

Technology &

innovation in

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hospitality &
tourism -

Foodservice &
food safety -

Gastronomy The
book will be of
interest to

postgraduate
students,

academics and
professionals

involved in the

fields of hospitality

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and tourism.

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World Migration
Report 2020

Social

Participation in
Water Governance
and Management
Critical and Global
Perspectives

Consistencies and
Ambiguities

Parentology

Urban agriculture

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in the Gauteng

City-Region's

green

infrastructure

network

Governance

Ecosystems

This volume

discusses a broad

range of vital issues

encompassing the

production and

consumption of

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food in the current period of climate change. All of these add up to looming, momentous challenges to food security, especially for people in regions where malnutrition and famine have been the norm during numerous decades.

Furthermore, threats

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to food security do not stop at the borders of more affluent countries – governance of food systems and changes in eating patterns will have worldwide consequences. The book is arranged in four broad sections. Part I, Combating Food Insecurity: A

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Global

Responsibility

opens with a chapter describing the urgent necessity for new paradigm and policy set to meet the food security challenges of climate change.

Also in this section are chapters on meat and the dimensions of

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**animal welfare,
climate change and
sustainability; on
dietary options for
mitigating climate
change; and the
linkage of forest and
food production in
the context of the
REDD+ approach to
valuation of forests.
Part II, Managing
Linkages Between
Climate Change and**

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Food Security offers a South Asian perspective on Gender, Climate Change and Household Food Security; a chapter on food crisis in sub-Saharan Africa; and separate chapters on critical issues of food supply and production in Nigeria, far-Western

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**Nepal and the
Sudano-Sahelian
zone of Cameroon.
Part III examines
Food Security and
patterns of
production and
consumption, with
chapters focused on
Morocco, Thailand,
Bahrain, Kenya and
elsewhere. The final
section discusses
successful,**

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**innovative practices,
with chapters on
Food Security in
Knowledge-Based
Economy; Biosaline
Agriculture in the
Gulf States; Rice
production in a
cotton zone of
Benin; palm oil in
the production of
biofuel; and
experiments in
raised-bed wheat**

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production. The editors argue that technical prescriptions are insufficient to manage the food security challenge. They propose and explain a holistic approach for adapting food systems to global environmental change, which

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demands the engagement of many disciplines – a new, sustainable food security paradigm.

"Tourism can reduce poverty in developing countries. But tourism growth is not universally inclusive of the poor. Moreover our

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understanding of how tourism affects the poor is largely based on partial and superficial analysis. Researchers from different disciplines and practitioners with different objectives generally work in splendid isolation from each other and from the mainstream of

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development economics. Detailed economic analysis remains buried and is rarely challenged for policy implications, let alone poverty implications. This book provides an overview of a broad array of analyses of how tourism affects poor people. First, it

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pulls these together to identify three main pathways by which impacts on poverty can be delivered. Second, it reviews the empirical evidence on the scale and significance of impacts within each pathway, exploring where comparisons can be made and

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where they cannot.
Finally, it considers
the different
methods used to
gather and collect
data, and
implications for how
we should work in
the future. Tourism
and Poverty
Reduction draws on
international
evidence
throughout, but

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provides particular
insights into Africa

and other less
developed

countries. It makes a
major contribution

to a more coherent,
cross-disciplinary

and sensitive
approach to the

tourism-poverty
debate."--Back

cover.

Climate change

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poses multiple challenges to development. It affects lives and livelihoods, infrastructure and institutions, as well as beliefs, cultures and identities. There is a growing recognition that the social dimensions of vulnerability and adaptation now

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**need to move to the
forefront of
development
policies and
practices. This book
presents case
studies showing
that climate change
is as much a
problem of
development as for
development, with
many of the risks
closely linked to**

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**past, present and
future development
pathways.**

**Development
policies and
practices can play a
key role in
addressing climate
change, but it is
critical to question
to what extent such
actions and
interventions
reproduce, rather**

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than address, the social and political structures and development pathways driving vulnerability. The chapters emphasise that adaptation is about much more than a set of projects or interventions to reduce specific impacts of climate

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change; it is about living with change while also transforming the processes that contribute to vulnerability in the first place. This book will help students in the field of climate change and development to make sense of adaptation as a

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**social process, and
it will provide
practitioners,
policymakers and
researchers working
at the interface
between climate
change and
development with
useful insights for
approaching
adaptation as part of
a larger
transformation to**

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**sustainability.
South African poetry
today is charged
with restlessness,
burstng with
diversity. Gone is
the intense inward
focus required to
deal with a situation
of systematic
oppression, the
enclosing effort of
concentration on a
single predicament.**

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While politics and identity continue to be central themes, the poetry since the late 1990s reveals a richer investigation of ancestors and history, alongside more experimentation with language and translation; and enduring concern with the

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**touchstones of love,
loss, memory, and
acts of witnessing.**

In the Heat of

Shadows: South

African Poetry

1996-2013 presents

work by 33 poets

and includes some

translations from

Afrikaans, isiXhosa,

isiZulu, Sesotho and

Xitsonga. This

collection follows on

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from Denis Hirson's
1997 anthology **The
Lava of this Land:
South African
Poetry 1960-1996.**
**A New Perspective
on the Production
and Evolution of
Cultures
The Rhodesian
Journal of
Economics
Metals and Minerals
Pathways to**

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**Prosperity
Sustainable Food
Security in the Era
of Local and Global
Environmental
Change**

This book
explores how
rural gender
relations are
changing in a
globalizing
world that
fundamentally

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impacts on the structure of agricultural life in rural areas and urban-rural relations. It analyses the development of rural gender relations in specific places around the world and looks into the effects of

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the increasing connectivity and mobility of people across places. The themes covered are: gender and mobility, gender and agriculture, Gender and rural politics, rurality and Gender identity and women and

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international
development.

Each theme has
an overview of
the state of the
art in that
specific
thematic area
and integrates
the case-studies
that follow.